

Subject: Geography

Long Term Plan Including Key Knowledge

Knowledge in italics is Geography taught through History topics, not as discrete Geography units.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6					
Reception	 Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. 										
Year 1	Weather -Name different types of weatherIdentify what the weather is like where we liveKnow how the weather changes during each season.	Castles (1 lesson) -Name castles in the local area or nearbyMark castles on a UK map.	Non-European Study- Africa -Know that Africa is a continentUnderstand what life is like in KenyaName some animals that live in Kenya.		Our School and local area -identify where they live -Identify where things are on a map (school)Describe the school environmentPlan a simple route around the school.	UK Map skills (2 lessons) -Locate London on a mapDescribe what London is likeKnow where the Great Fire of London spread and mark on a map.					
Year 2	Locating resorts in the UK and surrounding seas (2 lessons) -Locate seaside resorts on a mapUse key words to describe a seaside town in the UKName the human and physical features of a seaside resort.	UK Map skills – locating London. -Use an atlas to locate places in the UK. Name the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom on a mapIdentify several London landmarks and plot on map.	Non-European Study North and South Pole -Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceansKnow differences and similarities of the North and South Pole.		Skills and fieldwork – Local Area -Describe what the local area is like -Identify the four points of a compassUse compass directions to describe how to move around a mapPlan a simple route around the local area	Islands -Explain how an island is different from the mainland To locate islands using an atlasI can begin to explain why some islands may be 'hot' and some 'cold'.					
Year 3		Locate the world's countries, focussing on Europe -Know that Europe is a continentIdentify Europe on a world mapIdentify countries which are part of Europe. (introduction to the Romans)	UK Geography -Locate and label UK cities and seas on a mapUse the eight compass points to describe a location on a UK map.		Climate change and the environmental effects -Name and locate the world's oceans. -To know how climate change is affecting the oceans and their wildlife. -Revisit the poles and locate the Arctic and Antarctic circle. -Know how climate change is affecting the people and wildlife at the poles.						
Year 4	Locate main countries of the world -Explain the position and significance of the Equator, the Northern Hemisphere, and the Southern Hemisphere		Volcanoes & earthquakes -Know the meaning of terminology related to volcanoes and earthquakes -Understand the structure of the earth and plate tectonics -Recognise where volcanoes can be found and the traits of	Study of a European country- Italy -Understand where Italy is and locate it on a mapName important places in Italy and know why they are important.	Rivers & the water cycle -List the main events in the water cycleExplain that changes in temperature cause evaporation and condensation. -List different types of flooding and the effects. -Compare the features of a river at different points along its course. -Identify the place in which the source of a river is found.						

	-Use longitude and latitude to find places on maps, atlases and globesExplain the position and significance of the Prime Meridian.	find places on maps, atlases and globes. -Explain the position and significance of the Prime Meridian.		-Compare the geography and climate of Italy to BritainKnow why tourism is important in ItalyIdentify significant places and environments.		-Identify the sea a river flows intoKnow and use a widening range of geographical terms e.g. specific topic vocabulary – contour, height, valley, erosion, deposition.	
	 -Explain the position and significance of time zones. 						
Year 5			Mountains -Locate key mountain ranges of the world (Include Greece) -Identify a valley and the summit, foot and slope of a mountainExplain how different types of mountains are formed -Describe a mountainous climate.	-Find a simpl -Identify p -Use a ke syn -Explai sym -Find sir	Map Skills location by using le co-ordinates. physical features on a map. y to find out what a mbol means. n why maps have abols on them. milarities between the same location.	Study a region of Europe -Know where Greece is and locate it on a mapCompare the geography and climate of Greece to BritainTo know that Greece is surrounded by the Mediterranean Sea.	
Year 6	-Explain how the international I over -Locate the world's countries, to location of -Use maps to plot route -Give four-figure co-o	The World Before WWII -Explain how the international borders of Europe have changed over time. -Locate the world's countries, to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia). -Use maps to plot routes and identify locations. -Give four-figure co-ordinates for a location. -Find similarities between maps of the same location.		The Voyage of HMS Beagle -Locate South AmericaExplore the differences between the Falkland Islands and the Galapagos IslandsExplore Darwin's discoveries in the Galapagos Islands.		ind Deforestation ion and significance of le, Equator, Northern thern Hemisphere, the and Capricorn, Arctic arctic Circle. sts around the world. ers of the rainforest. why rainforests are portant. ow deforestation is rests around the world.	Locational Knowledge & Map Work -Locate countries in Central America, concentrating on the environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.

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